

SPTA Higher Homework Quadratic Functions (A)



(3)

1. Solve $x^2 - 6x - 16 < 0$ (2)

- 2. Express f(x) = (2x 1)(2x + 5) in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$
- 3. Determine the nature of the roots of each of these equations:
 - (a) $4x^2 2x + 9 = 0$ (b) $8x^2 24x + 12 = 0$ (c) $-2x^2 4x 2 = 0$ (6)
- 4. Given that k is a real number, show that the roots of the equation

a.
$$kx^2 + 3x + 3 = k$$
 (3)

are always real.

5. Express $2x^2 - 8x + 13$ in the form $a(x - b)^2 + c$ and hence find the coordinates of the turning point and state its nature.

6. Find the value(s) of p so that the roots of the following equation are equal

1.
$$x^2 + (p-5)x + 4p = 0$$
 (4)

7. Find c such that the line y = x + c is a tangent to the curve $y = x^2 - 3x$,

and find the coordinates of the point of contact.

(4)